Table 1 – Assumptions Used for Determining Remaining Airspace in Cell 2 for various reuse/reduction rates

	Projection 1: No	Projection 2:	Projection 3:	Projection 4: High
Type of Waste	Reduction in	Expected Waste	Higher Waste	Reduction in
Type of Waste	Waste due to		Reuse / Recycling	
	Levy	due to Levy	due to Levy	due to Levy
Household Waste	Nil Reduction	Nil Reduction	Nil Reduction	2019 - 5% reduction in
				generation
				2020 – 10%
				reduction in
				generation
				2021 – 15%
				reduction in
				generation
Commercial and Industrial Waste	Nil Reduction	20% reduction (reuse/recycling)	30% reduction (reuse/recycling)	20% reduction
				(reuse/recycling)
				2019 - 5%
				reduction in generation
				2020 – 10%
				reduction in
				generation
				2021 – 15%
				reduction in
				generation
Construction and		70% reduction	80% reduction	70% reduction
Demolition Waste	Nil Reduction	(reuse/recycling)	(reuse/recycling)	(reuse/recycling)
vvasie	0.0 Compostion	0.0 Compostion	0.0 Compostion	0.0 Composition
All Waste	0.9 Compaction	0.9 Compaction	0.9 Compaction Ratio (t/m³)	0.9 Compaction
	Ratio (t/m³)	Ratio (t/m³)	rtalio (viii)	Ratio (t/m³)

Table 2 – Remaining Airspace in Cell 2 based on Waste Projections' Assumptions

Date	Projection 1: No Reduction in	Projection 2: Expected Waste	Projection 3: Higher Waste	Projection 4: High Reduction in
	Waste due to Levy	due to Levy	Reuse / Recycling due to Levy	due to Levy
30 August 2018 (actual)	139,363m³	139,363m³	139,363m³	139,363m³
1 November 2018 (actual)	132,629m³	132,629m³	132,629m³	132,629m³
31 December 2018	124,962m³	124,962m³	124,962m³	124,962m³
31 December 2019	77,968m³	80,619m³	82,229m³	81,662m³
31 December 2020	24,836m³	34,170m³	40,801m³	39,917m³
30 April 2021	2,502m ³	15,928m³	25,110m ³	24,412m ³
31 July 2021	-	2,246m³	13,341m³	12,784m³
31 October 2021	-	-	1,573m³	1,155m³