# **Gladstone Regional Council**

**Council Policy** 

Title	REVENUE POLICY		
Policy Number	P-2021- <u>08</u>		
Business Unit/s	FINANCE GOVERNANCE AND RISK		
Date of Adoption			
Resolution Number			
Review Date			
Date Repealed			

#### 1.0 PURPOSE:

Under section 169(2)(c) of the *Local Government Regulation 2012* (Regulation), Gladstone Regional Council's (Council) budget must include a Revenue Policy with -Ssection 193 of the Local Government Regulation 2012 setsting out what the Revenue Policy must state.

and sSection 193(3) also requires that "a local government must review its revenue policy annually and in sufficient time to allow an annual budget that is consistent with the revenue policy to be adopted for the next financial year".

This Revenue Ppolicy seeks to meet the above requirements.

### 2.0 SCOPE:

In accordance with section 193(1) of the Local Government-Regulation 2012, the scope of this policy is to set out the principles to be used by Council in the framing of its rates and charges for the 20202021/2021 2022 year in the following areas:

- levying of rates and charges; and
- granting of concessions for rates and charges; and
- purpose for granting concessions for rates and charges; and
- recovery of overdue rates and charges; and
- setting of cost recovery methods; and
- the extent to which physical and social infrastructure costs for a new development are to be funded by charges for the development.

This A Revenue Policy may also (under section 193(2) of the Regulation) state guidelines that may be used for ——preparing the local government's revenue statement -- No such guidelines have been —included in this policy.

# 3.0 RELATED LEGISLATION:

- Human Rights Act 2019;
- Local Government Act 2009;



• Local Government Regulation 2012.



#### 4.0 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- Revenue Statement;
- Debt Administration Corporate Standard;
- Properties Exempt from General and Differential Rates Policy;
- Rating Financial Hardship Policy;
- Pensioner Remission Policy;
- Concealed Water Leak Concession Policy;
- Water Allocations and Sewerage Connection Concessions Policy.

#### 5.0 **DEFINITIONS**:

To assist in interpretation of this policy, definitions that apply are available in the dictionary of the:

- Local Government Act 2009; and
- Local Government Regulation 2012.

#### **6.0 POLICY STATEMENT:**

#### 6.1 General Principles

Council will raise its revenue in accordance with two basic principles of revenue collection:

- requirement-to-pay principle; and
- benefit principle.

Council will use a combination of the requirement-to-pay principle and the benefit principle, applied consistently across the region, as a rational and generally equitable means of raising its revenue.

### 6.1.1 Requirement-to-Pay Principle

By this principle, landowners (and some land occupiers) are levied with a tax (a general rate) based on the value of their land.

The general rate funds programs where there is not a direct link between the service recipient and the service. Examples include parks, roads, community services, cultural development, and general administration.

### **6.1.2** Benefit Principle

The benefit principle requires that individuals in the community pay for goods and services:

- from which they derive a special benefit; or
- for which they especially generate a need; or
- that they acquire individually from Council.

The benefit principle will be applied where there is a clear link between the service recipient and the use of the goods or services. Examples include connection to a water supply or sewerage service.

## 6.1-2 Principles Uused for the Llevying of rates Rates and charges Charges

<u>Section 94 of the Local Government Act 2009</u> (Act) obliges Council to levy general rates on all rateable land within its local government area.

Council will be guided by State and Federal governmentits legislative obligations under the Act and the Regulation requirements and will give due consideration to:

- the requirement to balance its service levels;
- the needs and expectations of the community; and
- the setting of appropriate rates and charges to adequately resource its roles and responsibilities.

<u>Council</u> will apply in general the principles of "user pays" in the making of rates and charges in a regional context to: the following principles in the 2021/2022 financial year:

- Council will be transparent in its revenue raising activities and will endeavour to use systems and practices able to be understood by the community;
- Council will be accountable to ratepayers and service recipients to ensure revenue is applied effectively and efficiently in satisfying the objectives for which the revenue was raised;
- Council will ensure it manages revenue diligently, having in place a revenue system that is simple and inexpensive to administer whilst having regard to its long term financial plan, relevant drivers, and price paths;
- Section 74 of the Regulation requires Council to use property valuations for raising rate revenue, Council will monitor the impact of valuation changes and limit increases to rates and charges where possible; and
- Council will establish different rating categories based on land use and the potential use of the land to recognise the different demands placed on Council resources.
- treat all ratepayers in an equitable manner; and to
- minimise the impact of rating on the efficiency of the regional economy.

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Council will give due consideration to the requirement to balance its service levels, the needs and expectations of the community, and the setting of appropriate rates and charges to adequately resource its roles and responsibilities. In discharging this responsibility, Council will have regard to the principles of:

- transparency in the making of rates and charges;
- sustainable development and management of assets and infrastructure;
- delivery of effective services;
- establishment of rating categories to recognise the different demands placed on Council resources;
- having in place a rating regime that is simple and inexpensive to administer; and
- equity by considering the varying degrees of potential to produce income for differing land uses.

Council will seek to achieve financial sustainability and will when levying rates and charges, minimise the impact of rates and charges upon the community and distribute the rate burden equitably across the community.

With respect to general rates, it is accepted that land valuations are an appropriate basis in achieving the equitable imposition of general rates across the community, with different rating categories established based primarily on land use and development potential.

When determining rates and charges, Council will:

- have regard to its long term financial plan and relevant drivers and prices paths;
- have regard to local economic conditions and where possible and appropriate, phase in increases to avoid significant price escalation in any one year;
- utilise various smoothing mechanisms available to Council under the *Local Government Act* 2009 to mitigate significant fluctuations in property valuations;
- utilise discounts to encourage the prompt payment of rates;
- make the levying system simple and inexpensive to administer; and
- equity through flexible payment arrangements for ratepayers with a lower capability to pay.

# 6.3 Principles Used and Purposes for the Granting of Concessions for Rates and Charges

<u>Chapter 4, Part 10 of the Regulation provides Council with the power to grant a ratepayer a concession for rates and charges for land.</u>

Council will grant concessions in accordance with the criteria set out in section 120 of the Regulation and will be guided by the principles of:

- encouraging pensioners to be independent and live in their own home where possible which
   Council believes has a "quality of life" benefit;
- acknowledging the role of community and sporting organisations by providing financial assistance to those non-profit organisations that would otherwise have difficulty in paying their general rates without such concession; and
- applying the same treatment for ratepayers with similar circumstances.

## 6.42 Principles Used for the recovery Recovery of overdue Overdue rates Rates and charges Charges

Council will exercise its rate recovery powers <u>under Chapter 4, Part 12 of the Regulation</u> in order to reduce the overall rate burden on ratepayers.

Council will be guided by the principles of:

- Ratepayers are expected to pay all rates and charges by the due date and Council will consider legal action if rates and charges remain outstanding;
- Council will transparency by makinge clear the obligations of ratepayers and the processes
  used by Council in assisting them to meet their financial obligations;
- Council will ensure it manages overdue rates and charges diligently, having in place a recovery system that is simple and inexpensive to administer; and
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- Council will apply the same treatment for ratepayers with similar circumstances.

making the processes used to recover outstanding rates and charges clear, simple to administer, and cost effective;

- determining appropriate arrangements for different sectors of the community, considering the ratepayer's capability to meet those arrangements;
- equity by having regard to providing the same treatment for ratepayers with similar circumstances;
- · flexibility by responding where necessary to changes in the local economy; and
- ratepayers are expected to pay all rates and charges by the due date and Council will consider legal action if rates remain outstanding.

# 6|3 Principles used for the granting of concessions for rates and charges

In considering the application of concessions Council will be guided by the principles of:

- encouraging pensioners to be independent and live in their own home where possible which Council believes has a "quality of life" benefit;
- acknowledging the role of community and sporting organisations by providing financial assistance to those non-profit organisations that would otherwise have difficulty in paying their general rates without such concession:
- · applying the same treatment for ratepayers with similar circumstances; and
- transparency by making clear the requirements necessary to receive such concessions.

### 6 4 Principles used in determining the purpose for granting concessions for rates and charges

Principles set under Part 10 of Chapter 4 of the Local Government Regulation 2012 will be used by Council in determining the purpose for granting concessions for rates and charges.

### 6.5 Principles Uused in the setting offor costCost-recovery Recovery methods Methods

Section 97 of the Act provides Council with the power to set cost-recovery fees.

Council considers that in almost all instances it is appropriate, and in the community interest, to apply full cost recovery to its water, sewerage, cleansing, and waste management utility charges.

In accordance with the long term financial forecast tThe recovery methods used may include obtaining a return on capital for assets used in the delivery of these services as appropriate and where identified in the long term financial forecast.

A return on capital will only be calculated and charged where permissible under the Local Government Act 2009 or Local Government Regulation 2012.

<u>Council will achieve efficiency and sustainable financial management Bby</u> imposing charges that accurately reflect the full cost of the provisions of services <del>Council will promote efficiency in both provision and use of the services</del> where appropriate.

Full cost-recovery methods will also be set for other services and activities for which Council believes it is appropriate.

From time to time, Council may choose decide to subsidise a fee or a charge when Council believes that it is in the community interest to do so.

6.6 Principles used Used for determining Funding the extent to which pPhysical and social Social infrastructure Infrastructure costs Costs for a new New development Development to be funded by charges for the development

Council will fund the physical and social costs of any new development by levying charges upon that development so that the burden on existing ratepayers is minimised, noting that this may be subject to legislative constraint per in accordance with the provisions of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Council may choose decide to subsidise from other sources (e.g. general rate revenue) the charges payable for the development:

- \_\_-when Council believes that it is in the community interest to do so having regard for the capability to pay within the <del>local</del> community; and
- <u>in recognising recognition</u> that there may be broader economic issues, at times, that may require the flexibility in the determination of infrastructure charges by Council.

## 7.0 ATTACHMENTS:

Nil.

# 8.0 REVIEW MECHANISM:

This policy will be reviewed when any of the following occur:

- 1. The related legislation or governing documents are amended or replaced; or
- 2. Other circumstances as determined by resolution of Council or the CEO; or
- 3. Annually in preparation of budget adoption.

TABLE OF AMENDMENTS				
Document History	Date	Council	Notes (including the prior Policy No, precise of	
		Resolution No.	change/s, etc)	
Originally Approved	03 June 2008	08/241		
Amendment 1	16 June 2009	09/334		
Amendment 2	15 June 2010	10/194		
Amendment 3	21 June 2011	G/11/588		
Amendment 4	03 July 2012	G/12/1114		
Amendment 5	04 June 2013	G/13/1568		
Amendment 6	20 May 2014	G/14/2010		
Amendment 7	5 May 2015	G/15/2410		
Amendment 8	17 May 2016	G/16/2811		
Amendment 9	06 June 2017	G/17/3065		
Amendment 10	19 June 2018	G/18/3436	Changes to financial year and Planning	
			legislation update	
Amendment 11	18 June 2019	G/19/3815	Prior Policy P-2018-19	
Amendment 12	19 May 2020	G/20/4194	Formerly P-2019-12.	
Amendment 13			Formerly P-2020-04.	

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